

August 25, 2026

National Banana Split Day

Today in History:

The Great Moon Hoax (1835)

The *Wizard of Oz* debuts (1939)

Number of the Day: 48

$$48 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$$

48 is the smallest number to have ten different factors:

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24, and 48.

Fun Fact:

Franklin Mars invented the Snickers Bar in 1930.

Quote of the Day:

"I love Mickey Mouse more than any woman I have ever known."

-Walt Disney

Today's Weather:

Sun and clouds mixed, high near 73°.

Math 121

Quiz #1

Find the equation of the line parallel to

$$\underline{y = 3x - 4}$$

that passes through $(1, 1)$.

$$m = 3$$

$$y = 3x + b$$

$$1 = 3(1) + b$$

$$b = -2$$

$$\boxed{y = 3x - 2}$$

$$(3, 5)$$

$$(-, \infty)$$

$$m \leq 1 \quad \& \; q$$

$$y = -x^2 + 4x$$

$$y = -(x^2 - 4x + 4) + 4$$

$$= -(x-2)^2 + 4$$

$$y = \underline{4} - \underline{(x-2)^2}$$

≥ 0

$$\text{MAX} = 4$$

$$x = 2$$

FUNCTIONS

POLYNOMIAL

$$f(x) = a_N x^N + a_{N-1} x^{N-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0$$

DEGREE N

DOMAIN $\forall x$

a_N LEADING CO.

RATIONAL FUNCTIONS

$$f(x) = \frac{P(x)}{Q(x)}$$

$P(x), Q(x)$ ARE
POLY.

DOMAIN $\forall x$ EXCEPT $Q(x) = 0$

EXAMPLE

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$$

$$x \neq -1$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}$$

$$x \neq 2$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

ALGEBRAIC

RATIONAL + ROOTS

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x^2 + 5}{\sqrt{x}}}$$

EXPONENTIAL

$$f(x) = a^x$$

$$a > 0$$

DOMAIN $\forall x$

LOGS

$$f(x) = \log_a x$$

LOG x

$$a = 10$$

$\ln x$

$$a = e \approx 2.718281828459...$$

TRIG

$\sin x$

$\cos x$

$\tan x$

$\csc x$

$\sec x$

$\cot x$

NEW FUNCTIONS FROM OLD

$$f(x) \pm g(x) = (f \pm g)(x)$$

$$f(x) \cdot g(x) = (f \cdot g)(x)$$

$$\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$$

COMPOSITION

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$$

$$(g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x))$$

EXAMPLE

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$$

$$g(x) = \sin x$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x)) = f(\sin x) = \frac{\sin x}{\sin x + 1}$$

$$(g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x)) = g\left(\frac{x}{x+1}\right) = \sin\left(\frac{x}{x+1}\right)$$

$$\boxed{2} + 3 = 5$$

$$x + 3 = 5$$

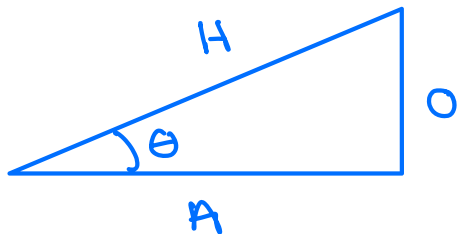
↑

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$$

$$f(\boxed{2}) = \frac{\boxed{2}}{\boxed{2} + 1}$$

$$f(g(x)) = \frac{g(x)}{g(x) + 1}$$

TRIG



$$\sin \theta = \frac{O}{H}$$

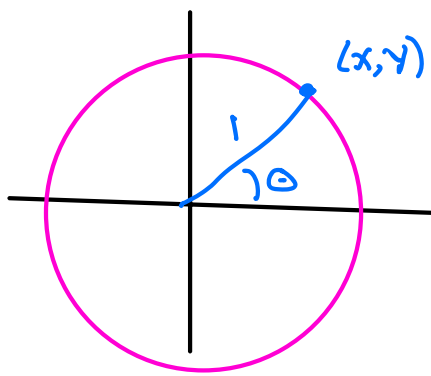
$$\cos \theta = \frac{A}{H}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{O}{A}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\cot \theta}$$



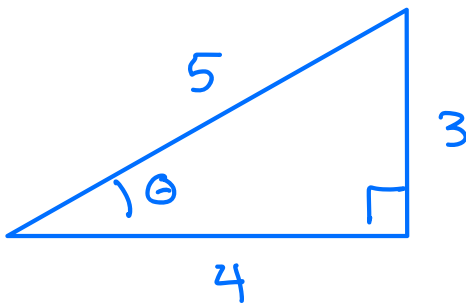
$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$x = \cos \theta$$

$$y = \sin \theta$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$$



$$\cos \theta = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{5}{4}$$

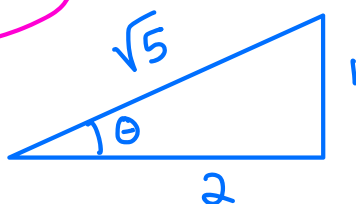
$$\csc \theta = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$\underline{\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\underline{\cos \theta < 0}$$

$S > 0$ $C, T < 0$	$S, C, T > 0$
$S, C < 0$ $T > 0$	$S, T < 0$ $C > 0$

($S, C < 0$
 $T > 0$)



$$\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$\csc \theta = \sqrt{5}$$

