

November 12, 2025

National Pizza with Everything (Except Anchovies) Day

Today in History:

Ellis Island closes (1954)

The Destruction of Atlanta begins (1864)

Number of the Day: 1010

1010 = $2 \times 5 \times 101$

1010 is the number of ways to tile a 5 x 12 rectangle with pentominoes.

Fun Fact:

Kissing for 1 minute can burn 26 calories.

Quote of the Day:

"I would have made a good Pope."

- Richard M. Nixon

Today's Weather:

Cloudy and windy, with rain or snow possible, high 47°.

Math 121 - Quiz #39

Find the distance traveled if

$$v(t) = (t - 3) \text{ m/s} \quad 0 \leq t \leq 5 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{DIST TRAV.} = \int_0^5 |t - 3| dt$$

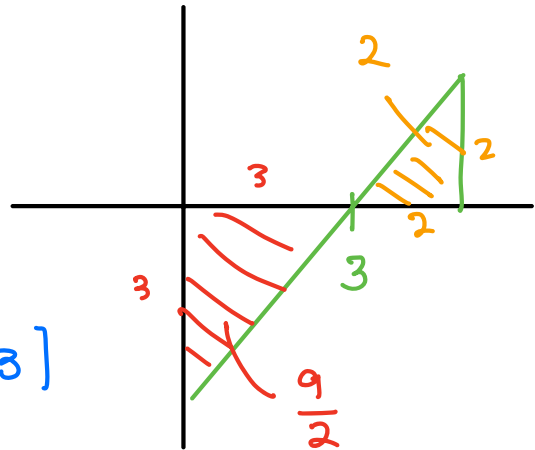
$$= \int_0^3 |t - 3| dt + \int_3^5 |t - 3| dt$$

$$\frac{9}{2} + 2 = \frac{13}{2}$$

$$\left| \int_0^3 (t - 3) dt \right| = \left| \frac{t^2}{2} - 3t \right|_0^3 = \left| \frac{9}{2} - 9 \right| = \left| -\frac{9}{2} \right| = \frac{9}{2}$$

$$\int_3^5 (t - 3) dt = \frac{t^2}{2} - 3t \Big|_3^5 = \left(\frac{25}{2} - 15 \right) - \left(\frac{9}{2} - 9 \right) = 2$$

$$\frac{9}{2} + 2 = \frac{13}{2}$$



SUBSTITUTION

$$\textcircled{1} \int (x+2)^2 dx = \int (x^2 + 4x + 4) dx$$
$$\frac{x^3}{3} + 2x^2 + 4x + C$$

$$\textcircled{2} \int (x+2)^{50} dx \quad \begin{array}{l} u = x+2 \\ \frac{du}{dx} = 1 \quad du = dx \end{array}$$
$$= \int u^{50} du = \frac{u^{51}}{51} = \frac{(x+2)^{51}}{51} + C$$

$$\textcircled{3} \int \sqrt{x+2} dx \quad \begin{array}{l} u = x+2 \\ du = dx \end{array}$$
$$\int \sqrt{u} du = \frac{2u^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{2}{3} (x+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$$

$$\textcircled{4} \int x \sqrt{x^2+1} dx \quad \begin{array}{l} u = x^2+1 \\ \frac{du}{dx} = 2x \\ du = 2x dx \\ dx = \frac{du}{2x} \end{array}$$
$$= \int \cancel{x} \sqrt{u} \frac{du}{\cancel{2x}} = \frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{u} du = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} u^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \underline{2x} \sqrt{x^2+1} \, \underline{dx}$$

$$u = x^2 + 1$$

$$\underline{du} = 2x \, dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{u} \, du$$

$$\textcircled{5} \int \cos(7x+5) \, dx$$

$$u = 7x + 5$$

$$du = 7 \, dx$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{7}$$

$$= \int \cos(u) \frac{du}{7}$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} \sin(u) = \frac{1}{7} \sin(7x+5) + C$$

$$\textcircled{6} \int x (x-1)^{10} \, dx$$

$$u = x - 1$$

$$du = dx$$

$$x = u + 1$$

$$= \int x u^{10} \, du$$

$$= \int (u+1) u^{10} \, du = \int u^{11} + u^{10} \, du$$

$$= \frac{u^{12}}{12} + \frac{u^{11}}{11} = \frac{(x-1)^{12}}{12} + \frac{(x-1)^{11}}{11} + C$$

$$\textcircled{7} \int \sin^4 x \cos x \, dx$$

$$u = \sin x$$

$$du = \cos x \, dx$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{\cos x}$$

$$= \int u^4 \cancel{\cos x} \frac{du}{\cancel{\cos x}} = \frac{u^5}{5} = \frac{\sin^5 x}{5} + C$$

$$\textcircled{8} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \tan x \sec^2 x \, dx$$

$$u = \tan x$$

$$du = \sec^2 x \, dx$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{\sec^2 x}$$

$$= \int u \cancel{\sec^2 x} \frac{du}{\cancel{\sec^2 x}} = \frac{u^2}{2} = \frac{\tan^2 x}{2} \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \tan x \sec^2 x \, dx$$

$$u = \tan x$$

$$du = \sec^2 x \, dx$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{\sec^2 x}$$

$$= \int_0^1 u \cancel{\sec^2 x} \frac{du}{\cancel{\sec^2 x}}$$

$$u = \tan x$$

$$x=0 \quad \tan(0)=0$$

$$x=\frac{\pi}{4} \quad \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)=1$$

$$\frac{u^2}{2} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}+9)^2} dx \quad u = \sqrt{x} + 9$$

$$dv = \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$dv = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$dx = 2\sqrt{x} dv$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\cancel{\sqrt{x}} u^2} \cancel{2\sqrt{x}} dv$$

$$= 2 \int \frac{1}{u^2} dv = 2 \left(-\frac{1}{u} \right) = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{x}+9} + C$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{\ln x}}{x} dx \quad u = \ln x$$

$$dv = \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$dx = x dv$$

$$= \int \frac{\sqrt{u}}{\cancel{x}} \cancel{x} dv = \frac{2u^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{2}{3} (\ln x)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C$$